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**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT**  
**EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

JOHN ADENA, Deceased, by and through his Co-  
Successors in Interest, CIRCE ADENA and  
RICHARD ADENA; CIRCE ADENA, Individually,  
and RICHARD ADENA, Individually,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

SHASTA COUNTY, a public entity; SHASTA  
COUNTY SHERIFF-CORONER TOM BOSENKO,  
in his individual capacity; CAPTAIN DAVE KENT;  
SHASTA COUNTY JAIL DEPUTIES KIRK  
SCHRITTER, DEVIN HURTE, DEPUTY DIAZ,  
EMMANUAL ALCAZAR, ZACHARY  
JURKIEWICZ, JOSEPH GRADY, NATHANIAL  
NEVES, HECTOR CORTEZ; WELLPATH INC., a  
Delaware corporation; WELLPATH  
MANAGEMENT, INC., a Delaware Corporation;  
WELLPATH LLC, a Delaware Limited Liability  
Company; TRACY LEWIS, L.M.F.T.; PAM  
JOHANSEN, L.C.S.W.; DANIEL DELLWO, P.A.;  
and DOES 1–20; individually, jointly and severally,

Defendants.

Case No. 2:21-cv-00770-MCE-DMC

**STIPULATED PROTECTIVE  
ORDER PURSUANT TO CIVIL  
LOCAL RULE 141.1**

1 The parties, by and through their respective attorneys of record, hereby stipulate to the  
2 following protective order being issued in this matter:

3 1. PURPOSES AND LIMITATIONS

4 Disclosure and discovery activity in this action are likely to involve production of confidential,  
5 proprietary, or private information for which special protection from public disclosure and from use  
6 for any purpose other than prosecuting this litigation may be warranted. Accordingly, the parties  
7 hereby stipulate to and petition the court to enter the following Stipulated Protective Order. The  
8 parties acknowledge that this Order does not confer blanket protections on all disclosures or responses  
9 to discovery and that the protection it affords from public disclosure and use extends only to the  
10 limited information or items that are entitled to confidential treatment under the applicable legal  
11 principles. The parties further acknowledge, as set forth in Section 12.3, below, that this Stipulated  
12 Protective Order does not entitle them to file confidential information under seal; Civil Local Rule 79-  
13 5 sets forth the procedures that must be followed and the standards that will be applied when a party  
14 seeks permission from the court to file material under seal.

15 2. DEFINITIONS

16 2.1 Challenging Party: a Party or Non-Party that challenges the designation of information or  
17 items under this Order.

18 2.2 "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items: information (regardless of how it is  
19 generated, stored or maintained) or tangible things that qualify for protection under Federal Rule of  
20 Civil Procedure 26(c), and for which public disclosure is likely to result in particularized harm or  
21 violate privacy interests recognized by law. This information may include:

- 22 a. personnel file records of any peace officer;  
23 b. medical records;  
24 c. social security numbers and similar sensitive identifying information (unless  
25 redacted by order or by agreement of all parties).

26 Except by stipulation or order based on good cause, this information may not include  
27 investigation of the subject incident(s), specifically the incident involving Decedent John Adena on  
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1 or about August 21, 2019 through September 22, 2019.

2 2.3 Counsel (without qualifier): Outside Counsel of Record and House Counsel (as well as  
3 their support staff).

4 2.4 Designating Party: a Party or Non-Party that designates information or items that it  
5 produces in disclosures or in responses to discovery as “CONFIDENTIAL.”

6 2.5 Disclosure or Discovery Material: all items or information, regardless of the medium  
7 or manner in which it is generated, stored, or maintained (including, among other things, testimony,  
8 transcripts, and tangible things), that are produced or generated in disclosures or responses to  
9 discovery in this matter.

10 2.6 Expert: a person with specialized knowledge or experience in a matter pertinent to the  
11 litigation who has been retained by a Party or its counsel to serve as an expert witness or as a  
12 consultant in this action.

13 2.7 House Counsel: attorneys who are employees of a party to this action. House Counsel  
14 does not include Outside Counsel of Record or any other outside counsel.

15 2.8 Non-Party: any natural person, partnership, corporation, association, or other legal  
16 entity not named as a Party to this action.

17 2.9 Outside Counsel of Record: attorneys who are not employees of a party to this action  
18 but are retained to represent or advise a party to this action and have appeared in this action on behalf  
19 of that party or are affiliated with a law firm which has appeared on behalf of that party.

20 2.10 Party: any party to this action, including all of its officers, directors, employees,  
21 consultants, retained experts, and Outside Counsel of Record (and their support staffs).

22 2.11 Producing Party: a Party or Non-Party that produces Disclosure or Discovery Material  
23 in this action.

24 2.12 Professional Vendors: persons or entities that provide litigation support services (e.g.,  
25 photocopying, videotaping, translating, preparing exhibits or demonstrations, and organizing, storing,  
26 or retrieving data in any form or medium) and their employees and subcontractors.

27 2.13 Protected Material: any Disclosure or Discovery Material that is designated as  
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1 “CONFIDENTIAL.”

2 2.14 Receiving Party: a Party that receives Disclosure or Discovery Material from a  
3 Producing Party.

4 3. SCOPE

5 The protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order cover not only Protected Material (as  
6 defined above), but also (1) any information copied from Protected Material; (2) all copies, excerpts,  
7 summaries, or compilations of Protected Material that reveal the source of the Protected Material or  
8 that reveal specific information entitled to confidentiality as a matter of law; and (3) any testimony,  
9 conversations, or presentations by Parties or their Counsel that might reveal Protected Material.

10 However, the protections conferred by this Stipulation and Order do not cover the following  
11 information: (a) any information that is in the public domain at the time of disclosure to a Receiving  
12 Party or becomes part of the public domain after its disclosure to a Receiving Party as a result of  
13 publication not involving a violation of this Order, including becoming part of the public record  
14 through trial or otherwise; and (b) any information known to the Receiving Party prior to the  
15 disclosure or obtained by the Receiving Party after the disclosure from a source who obtained the  
16 information lawfully and under no obligation of confidentiality to the Designating Party; (c) any  
17 information mentioned or referenced in a deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, unless  
18 such portions of testimony have been designated as confidential pursuant to section 5.2 (b) of this  
19 order. Any use of Protected Material at trial shall be governed by a separate agreement or order.

20 4. DURATION

21 Even after final disposition of this litigation, the confidentiality obligations imposed by this  
22 Order shall remain in effect until a Designating Party agrees otherwise in writing or a court order  
23 otherwise directs. Final disposition shall be deemed to be the later of (1) dismissal of all claims and  
24 defenses in this action, with or without prejudice; and (2) final judgment herein after the completion  
25 and exhaustion of all appeals, rehearings, remands, trials, or reviews of this action, including the time  
26 limits for filing any motions or applications for extension of time pursuant to applicable law.

1     5.     DESIGNATING PROTECTED MATERIAL

2             5.1     Exercise of Restraint and Care in Designating Material for Protection. Each Party or  
3 Non-Party that designates information or items for protection under this Order must take care to limit  
4 any such designation to specific material that qualifies under the appropriate standards. The  
5 Designating Party must designate for protection only those parts of material, documents, items, or oral  
6 or written communications that qualify – so that other portions of the material, documents, items, or  
7 communications for which protection is not warranted are not swept unjustifiably within the ambit of  
8 this Order.

9             Mass, indiscriminate, or routinized designations are prohibited. Designations that are shown to  
10 be clearly unjustified or that have been made for an improper purpose (e.g., to unnecessarily encumber  
11 or retard the case development process or to impose unnecessary expenses and burdens on other  
12 parties) expose the Designating Party to sanctions.

13             If it comes to a Designating Party's attention that information or items that it designated for  
14 protection do not qualify for protection, that Designating Party must promptly notify all other Parties  
15 that it is withdrawing the mistaken designation.

16             5.2     Manner and Timing of Designations. Except as otherwise provided in this Order (see,  
17 e.g., second paragraph of section 5.2(a) below), or as otherwise stipulated or ordered, Disclosure or  
18 Discovery Material that qualifies for protection under this Order must be clearly so designated before  
19 the material is disclosed or produced.

20             Designation in conformity with this Order requires:

21             (a) for information in documentary form (e.g., paper or electronic documents, but  
22 excluding transcripts of depositions or other pretrial or trial proceedings), that the Producing Party  
23 affix the legend "CONFIDENTIAL" to each page that contains protected material. If only a portion or  
24 portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the Producing Party also must clearly  
25 identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate markings in the margins). A Party or  
26 Non-Party that makes original documents or materials available for inspection need not designate  
27 them for protection until after the inspecting Party has indicated which material it would like copied  
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1 and produced. During the inspection and before the designation, all of the material made available for  
2 inspection shall be deemed “CONFIDENTIAL.” After the inspecting Party has identified the  
3 documents it wants copied and produced, the Producing Party must determine which documents, or  
4 portions thereof, qualify for protection under this Order. Then, before producing the specified  
5 documents, the Producing Party must affix the “CONFIDENTIAL” legend to each page that contains  
6 Protected Material. If only a portion or portions of the material on a page qualifies for protection, the  
7 Producing Party also must clearly identify the protected portion(s) (e.g., by making appropriate  
8 markings in the margins).

9 (b) for testimony given in deposition or in other pretrial or trial proceedings, that the  
10 Designating Party identify on the record, before the close of the deposition, hearing, or other  
11 proceeding, all protected testimony.

12 (c) for information produced in some form other than documentary and for any other  
13 tangible items, that the Producing Party affix in a prominent place on the exterior of the container or  
14 containers in which the information or item is stored the legend “CONFIDENTIAL.” If the  
15 information is produced electronically, then the term “CONFIDENTIAL” must appear in the name of  
16 each electronic file containing confidentially designated information. If only a portion or portions of  
17 the information or item warrant protection, the Producing Party, to the extent practicable, shall  
18 identify the protected portion(s).

19 5.3 Inadvertent Failures to Designate. If timely corrected, an inadvertent failure to  
20 designate qualified information or items does not, standing alone, waive the Designating Party’s right  
21 to secure protection under this Order for such material. Upon timely correction of a designation, the  
22 Receiving Party must make reasonable efforts to assure that the material is treated in accordance with  
23 the provisions of this Order.

## 24 6. CHALLENGING CONFIDENTIALITY DESIGNATIONS

25 6.1 Timing of Challenges. Any Party or Non-Party may challenge a designation of  
26 confidentiality at any time. Unless a prompt challenge to a Designating Party’s confidentiality  
27 designation is necessary to avoid foreseeable, substantial unfairness, unnecessary economic burdens,  
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1 or a significant disruption or delay of the litigation, a Party does not waive its right to challenge a  
2 confidentiality designation by electing not to mount a challenge promptly after the original  
3 designation is disclosed.

4         6.2     Meet and Confer. The Challenging Party shall initiate the dispute resolution process  
5 by providing written notice of each designation it is challenging and describing the basis for each  
6 challenge. To avoid ambiguity as to whether a challenge has been made, the written notice must recite  
7 that the challenge to confidentiality is being made in accordance with the Protective Order. The parties  
8 shall attempt to resolve each challenge in good faith and must begin the process by conferring directly  
9 (in voice to voice dialogue; other forms of communication are not sufficient) within 14 days of the  
10 date of service of notice. In conferring, the Challenging Party must explain the basis for its belief that  
11 the confidentiality designation was not proper and must give the Designating Party an opportunity to  
12 review the designated material, to reconsider the circumstances, and, if no change in designation is  
13 offered, to explain the basis for the chosen designation. A Challenging Party may proceed to the next  
14 stage of the challenge process only if it has engaged in this meet and confer process first or establishes  
15 that the Designating Party is unwilling to participate in the meet and confer process in a timely  
16 manner.

17         6.3     Judicial Intervention. If the Parties cannot resolve a challenge without court  
18 intervention, the Designating Party shall file and serve a motion to retain confidentiality under Civil  
19 Local Rule 7 (and in compliance with Civil Local Rule 79-5, if applicable) within 21 days of the  
20 initial notice of challenge or within 14 days of the parties agreeing that the meet and confer process  
21 will not resolve their dispute, whichever is earlier. Each such motion must be accompanied by a  
22 competent declaration affirming that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements  
23 imposed in the preceding paragraph. Failure by the Designating Party to make such a motion  
24 including the required declaration within 21 days (or 14 days, if applicable) shall automatically waive  
25 the confidentiality designation for each challenged designation. In addition, the Challenging Party  
26 may file a motion challenging a confidentiality designation at any time if there is good cause for doing  
27 so, including a challenge to the designation of a deposition transcript or any portions thereof. Any  
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1 motion brought pursuant to this provision must be accompanied by a competent declaration affirming  
2 that the movant has complied with the meet and confer requirements imposed by the preceding  
3 paragraph.

4 The burden of persuasion in any such challenge proceeding shall be on the Designating Party.  
5 Frivolous challenges, and those made for an improper purpose (e.g., to harass or impose unnecessary  
6 expenses and burdens on other parties) may expose the Challenging Party to sanctions. Unless the  
7 Designating Party has waived the confidentiality designation by failing to file a motion to retain  
8 confidentiality as described above, all parties shall continue to afford the material in question the level  
9 of protection to which it is entitled under the Producing Party's designation until the court rules on the  
10 challenge.

11 7. ACCESS TO AND USE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

12 7.1 Basic Principles. A Receiving Party may use Protected Material that is disclosed or  
13 produced by another Party or by a Non-Party in connection with this case only for prosecuting,  
14 defending, or attempting to settle this litigation. Such Protected Material may be disclosed by any  
15 party only to the categories of persons and under the conditions described in this Order. When the  
16 litigation has been terminated, a Receiving Party must comply with the provisions of section 13 below  
17 (FINAL DISPOSITION).

18 Protected Material must be stored and maintained by all parties at a location and in a secure  
19 manner that ensures that access is limited to the persons authorized under this Order.

20 7.2 Disclosure of "CONFIDENTIAL" Information or Items. Unless otherwise ordered by  
21 the court or permitted in writing by agreement of both the Designating Party and Receiving Party(ies),  
22 all parties may disclose any information or item designated "CONFIDENTIAL" only to:

23 a) the Party's Outside Counsel of Record in this action, as well as employees of said  
24 Outside Counsel of Record to whom it is reasonably necessary to disclose the information for this  
25 litigation (counsel and law firms appearing in this action are deemed to have agreed to be bound by  
26 this Protective Order);

27 (b) the officers, directors, and employees (including House Counsel) of the Party to whom  
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1 disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation, including employees and agents of the  
2 designating party(ies) in the normal course of their business with due regard for the confidential  
3 nature of the information under this protective order.;

4 (c) Experts (as defined in this Order) of any Party to whom disclosure is reasonably  
5 necessary for this litigation;

6 (d) the court and its personnel;

7 e) court reporters and their staff, professional jury or trial consultants, mock jurors, and  
8 Professional Vendors to whom disclosure is reasonably necessary for this litigation;

9 (f) during their depositions, witnesses in the action to whom disclosure is reasonably  
10 necessary, unless otherwise agreed by the Designating Party and any other parties present at the  
11 deposition or ordered by the court. Pages of transcribed deposition testimony or exhibits to  
12 depositions that reveal Protected Material must be separately bound by the court reporter and may not  
13 be disclosed to anyone except as permitted under this Stipulated Protective Order or as agreed by all  
14 parties.

15 (g) the author or recipient of a document containing the information or a custodian or  
16 other person who otherwise possessed or knew the information;

17 8. PROTECTED MATERIAL SUBPOENAED OR ORDERED PRODUCED IN OTHER  
18 LITIGATION

19 If a Party is served with a subpoena or a court order issued in other litigation that compels  
20 disclosure of any information or items designated in this action as "CONFIDENTIAL," that Party  
21 must:

22 (a) promptly notify in writing the Designating Party. Such notification shall include a copy  
23 of the subpoena or court order;

24 (b) promptly notify in writing the party who caused the subpoena or order to issue in the  
25 other litigation that some or all of the material covered by the subpoena or order is subject to this  
26 Protective Order. Such notification shall include a copy of this Stipulated Protective Order; and

27 (c) cooperate with respect to all reasonable procedures sought to be pursued by the  
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1 Designating Party whose Protected Material may be affected.

2 If the Designating Party timely seeks a protective order, the Party served with the subpoena or  
3 court order shall not produce any information designated in this action as “CONFIDENTIAL” before  
4 a determination by the court from which the subpoena or order issued, unless the Party has obtained  
5 the Designating Party’s permission. The Designating Party shall bear the burden and expense of  
6 seeking protection in that court of its confidential material – and nothing in these provisions should be  
7 construed as authorizing or encouraging a Receiving Party in this action to disobey a lawful directive  
8 from another court.

9 9. A NON-PARTY’S PROTECTED MATERIAL SOUGHT TO BE PRODUCED IN THIS  
10 LITIGATION

11 (a) The terms of this Order are applicable to information produced by a Non-Party in this  
12 action and designated as “CONFIDENTIAL.” Such information produced by Non-Parties in  
13 connection with this litigation is protected by the remedies and relief provided by this Order. Nothing  
14 in these provisions should be construed as prohibiting a Non-Party from seeking additional  
15 protections.

16 (b) In the event that a Party is required, by a valid discovery request, to produce a Non-  
17 Party’s confidential information in its possession, and the Party is subject to an agreement with the  
18 Non-Party not to produce the Non-Party’s confidential information, then the Party shall:

19 (1) promptly notify in writing the Requesting Party and the Non-Party that some or all  
20 of the information requested is subject to a confidentiality agreement with a Non-Party;

21 (2) promptly provide the Non-Party with a copy of the Stipulated Protective Order in  
22 this litigation, the relevant discovery request(s), and a reasonably specific description of the  
23 information requested; and

24 (3) make the information requested available for inspection by the Non-Party.

25 (c) If the Non-Party fails to object or seek a protective order from this court within 14 days of  
26 receiving the notice and accompanying information, the Receiving Party may produce the Non-Party’s  
27 confidential information responsive to the discovery request. If the Non-Party timely seeks a  
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1 protective order, the Receiving Party shall not produce any information in its possession or control  
2 that is subject to the confidentiality agreement with the Non-Party before a determination by the court.  
3 Absent a court order to the contrary, the Non-Party shall bear the burden and expense of seeking  
4 protection in this court of its Protected Material.

5 10. UNAUTHORIZED DISCLOSURE OF PROTECTED MATERIAL

6 If a Party learns that, by inadvertence or otherwise, it has disclosed Protected Material to any  
7 person or in any circumstance not authorized under this Stipulated Protective Order, the Party must  
8 immediately (a) notify in writing all Parties of the unauthorized disclosures, (b) use its best efforts to  
9 retrieve all unauthorized copies of the Protected Material, (c) inform the person or persons to whom  
10 unauthorized disclosures were made of all the terms of this Order, and (d) request such person or  
11 persons to execute the “Acknowledgment and Agreement to Be Bound” that is attached hereto as  
12 Exhibit A.

13 11. INADVERTENT PRODUCTION OF PRIVILEGED OR OTHERWISE PROTECTED  
14 MATERIAL

15 When a Producing Party gives notice to Receiving Parties that certain inadvertently produced  
16 material is subject to a claim of privilege or other protection, the obligations of the Receiving Parties  
17 are those set forth in Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 26(b)(5)(B). This provision is not intended to  
18 modify whatever procedure may be established in an e-discovery order that provides for production  
19 without prior privilege review. Pursuant to Federal Rule of Evidence 502(d) and (e), insofar as the  
20 parties reach an agreement on the effect of disclosure of a communication or information covered by  
21 the attorney-client privilege or work product protection, the parties may incorporate their agreement in  
22 the stipulated protective order submitted to the court.

23 12. MISCELLANEOUS

24 12.1 Right to Further Relief. Nothing in this Order abridges the right of any person to seek  
25 its modification by the court in the future.

26 12.2 Right to Assert Other Objections. By stipulating to the entry of this Protective Order no  
27 Party waives any right it otherwise would have to object to disclosing or producing any information or  
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1 item on any ground not addressed in this Stipulated Protective Order. Similarly, no Party waives any  
2 right to object on any ground to use in evidence of any of the material covered by this Protective  
3 Order.

4 12.3 Filing Protected Material. Without written permission of all parties or a court order  
5 secured after appropriate notice to all interested persons, a Party may not file in the public record in  
6 this action any Protected Material. A Party that seeks to file under seal any Protected Material must  
7 comply with Civil Local Rule 141. Protected Material may only be filed under seal pursuant to a court  
8 order authorizing the sealing of the specific Protected Material at issue. Pursuant to Civil Local Rule  
9 141, a sealing order will issue only upon a request establishing that the Protected Material at issue is  
10 privileged, protectable as a trade secret, or otherwise entitled to protection under the law. If a Party's  
11 request to file Protected Material under seal pursuant to Civil Local Rule 141(b) is denied by the  
12 court, then any Party may file the information in the public record pursuant to Civil Local Rule  
13 141(e)(1) unless otherwise instructed by the court.

14 13. FINAL DISPOSITION

15 Within 60 days after the final disposition of this action, as defined in paragraph 4, upon written  
16 notification served by Producing or Designating Party, each Receiving Party must return all Protected  
17 Material to the Producing Party or destroy such material. As used in this subdivision, "all Protected  
18 Material" includes all copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries, and any other format reproducing or  
19 capturing any of the Protected Material. Whether the Protected Material is returned or destroyed, the  
20 Receiving Party must submit a written certification to the Producing Party (and, if not the same person  
21 or entity, to the Designating Party) by the 60 day deadline that (1) identifies (by category, where  
22 appropriate) all the Protected Material that was returned or destroyed and (2) affirms that the  
23 Receiving Party has not retained any copies, abstracts, compilations, summaries or any other format  
24 reproducing or capturing any of the Protected Material. Notwithstanding this provision, Counsel are  
25 entitled to retain an archival copy of all pleadings, motion papers, trial, deposition, and hearing  
26 transcripts, legal memoranda, correspondence, deposition and trial exhibits, expert reports, attorney  
27 work product, and consultant and expert work product, even if such materials contain Protected  
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1 Material. Any such archival copies that contain or constitute Protected Material remain subject to this  
2 Protective Order as set forth in Section 4 (DURATION).

3  
4 IT IS SO STIPULATED, THROUGH COUNSEL OF RECORD.

5  
6 Dated: August 17, 2021

HADDAD & SHERWIN LLP

7  
8 /s/ Teresa Allen

9 TERESA ALLEN  
10 Attorneys for Plaintiffs

11  
12 Dated: August 17, 2021

BRICKWOOD LAW OFFICE

13 /s/ Gary Brickwood

14 GARY BRICKWOOD  
15 Attorneys for Defendants  
16 SHASTA COUNTY; SHERIFF-CORONER TOM  
17 BOSENKO; SHASTA COUNTY JAIL CAPTAIN  
18 DAVE KENT; DEPUTIES KIRK SCHITTER,  
19 DEVIN HURTE, OMAR DIAZ, EMMANUEL  
20 ALCAZAR, ZACHARY JURKIEWICZ, JOSEPH  
21 GRADY, NATHANIAL NEVES, and HECTOR  
22 CORTEZ

23  
24 Dated: August 17, 2021

THE LAW OFFICERS OF JEROME VARANINI

25 /s/ Jerome M. Varanini

26 JEROME M. VARANINI  
27 Attorneys for Defendants  
28 WELLPATH INC.; WELLPATH MANAGEMENT,  
INC.; WELLPATH LLC; TRACY LEWIS, L.M.F.T.;  
PAM JOHANSEN, L.C.S.W.; and DANIEL  
DELLWO, P.A

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**PROPOSED ORDER**

PURSUANT TO STIPULATION, IT IS SO ORDERED.

Dated: August 19, 2021



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DENNIS M. COTA  
UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

EXHIBIT A

ACKNOWLEDGMENT AND AGREEMENT TO BE BOUND

I, \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name], of \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address], declare under penalty of perjury that I have read in its entirety and understand the Stipulated Protective Order that was issued by the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California on [date] in the case of \_\_\_\_\_ **[insert formal name of the case and the number and initials assigned to it by the court]**. I agree to comply with and to be bound by all the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order and I understand and acknowledge that failure to so comply could expose me to sanctions and punishment in the nature of contempt. I solemnly promise that I will not disclose in any manner any information or item that is subject to this Stipulated Protective Order to any person or entity except in strict compliance with the provisions of this Order.

I further agree to submit to the jurisdiction of the United States District Court for the Eastern District of California for the purpose of enforcing the terms of this Stipulated Protective Order, even if such enforcement proceedings occur after termination of this action.

I hereby appoint \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full name] of \_\_\_\_\_ [print or type full address and telephone number] as my California agent for service of process in connection with this action or any proceedings related to enforcement of this Stipulated Protective Order.

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

City and State where sworn and signed: \_\_\_\_\_

Printed name: \_\_\_\_\_

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_